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# Council

## OPEN MINUTES

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Minutes of a meeting of Council held in the Council Chambers, 15 Forth Street, Invercargill on Wednesday, 21 June 2017 at 1.04pm.

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### PRESENT

<b>Mayor</b>	Mayor Gary Tong
<b>Councillors</b>	Stuart Baird
	Brian Dillon
	John Douglas
	Bruce Ford
	Darren Frazer
	George Harpur
	Gavin Macpherson
	Neil Paterson

### IN ATTENDANCE

Acting Chief Executive/Group Manager, Community and Futures – Rex Capil  
Group Manager, Environmental Services – Bruce Halligan  
Group Manager, Services and Assets – Ian Marshall  
Chief Financial Officer – Anne Robson  
Group Manager, Customer Support – Trudie Hurst  
Communications Manager – Louise Pagan  
Governance and Democracy Manager – Clare Sullivan  
Committee Advisor – Fiona Dunlop

**1 Apologies**

Apologies for absence were received from Councillors Duffy, Keast, Kremer and Perham.

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Macpherson, seconded Cr Ford and **resolved:**

**That Council accept the apologies.**

**2 Leave of absence**

There were no requests for leave of absence.

**3 Conflict of Interest**

There were no conflicts of interest declared.

**4 Public Forum**

There was no public forum

**5 Extraordinary/Urgent Items**

There were no Extraordinary/Urgent items.

**6 Confirmation of Council Minutes**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Dillon and **resolved:**

**That Council confirms the minutes of ordinary Council meeting held on 6 April 2017 and 7 June 2017 as a true and correct record of those meetings.**

**Reports - Policy and Strategy**

**7.1 Significance and Engagement Policy**

**Record No: R/17/5/11419**

Policy Analyst – Robyn Rout was in attendance for this item.

Mrs Rout advised that the report presented the draft Significance and Engagement Policy to Council for adoption.

### Resolution

Moved Mayor Tong, seconded Cr Macpherson **and resolved:**

**That the Council:**

- a) **Receives the report titled “Significance and Engagement Policy” dated 26 May 2017.**
- b) **Adopts the Significance and Engagement Policy (appended to the minutes as appendix 1).**

### 7.2 Risk management review project

**Record No: R/17/6/12873**

Planning and Reporting Analyst – Shannon Oliver was in attendance for this item.

Miss Oliver advised that the purpose of the report was to provide a project scope and terms of reference for reviewing council’s risk management practices for approval.

The Meeting noted that the report included in the scope the development of a risk management framework and a review of the current policy.

### Resolution

Moved Cr Paterson, seconded Cr Douglas **and resolved:**

**That the Council:**

- a) **Receives the report titled “Risk management review project” dated 14 June 2017.**
- b) **Determines that this matter or decision be recognised as not significant in terms of Section 76 of the Local Government Act 2002.**
- c) **Determines that it has complied with the decision-making provisions of the Local Government Act 2002 to the extent necessary in relation to this decision; and in accordance with Section 79 of the Act determines that it does not require further information, further assessment of options or further analysis of costs and benefits or advantages and disadvantages prior to making a decision on this matter.**
- d) **Approves of the project scope and terms of reference for the risk management review project.**

### 7.3 Recent Changes to the Resource Management Act and implementation

**Record No: R/17/6/12412**

Team Leader - Resource Management - Marcus Roy was in attendance for this item.

Mr Roy advised that the purpose of the report was to update the Councillors on the recently amended Resource Management Act 1991 with the passage of the Resource Legislation Amendment Act 2017 which was enacted on 18 April 2017.

The Meeting noted that the amendments are considered the most comprehensive

package of reforms to the Resource Management Act since its inception which contains numerous changes to the Resource Management Act many of which have significant implications for territorial authorities.

### Resolution

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Dillon **and resolved:**

**That the Council:**

- a) **Receives the report titled “Recent Changes to the Resource Management Act and implementation” dated 15 June 2017.**

## Reports - Operational Matters

### 8.1 Bridge Weight Restriction Postings 2017/2018

**Record No: R/17/5/11486**

Roading Asset Management Engineer – Hartley Hare, Group Manager, Services and Assets – Ian Marshall and John Laskewitz - Client Service Manager at MWH Global (part of Stantec) were in attendance for this item.

Mr Hare advised that the purpose of the report was to comply with the Transport Act 1962 and Heavy Motor Vehicle Regulations 1974 and this report provides the information to be able to fulfil this requirement. Council last confirmed its bridge postings in late June 2016.

The Meeting noted that the road controlling authority for any territorial area is required to confirm, at least annually, any weight limit postings necessary for bridges on the roading network and to revoke any restrictions which no longer apply.

### Resolution

Moved Mayor Tong, seconded Cr Paterson **recommendations a to e and f with an addition (as indicated) and resolved:**

**That the Council:**

- a) **Receives the report titled “Bridge Weight Restriction Postings 2017/2018” dated 13 June 2017.**
- b) **Determines that this matter or decision be recognised as not significant in terms of Section 76 of the Local Government Act 2002.**
- c) **Determines that it has complied with the decision-making provisions of the Local Government Act 2002 to the extent necessary in relation to this decision; and in accordance with Section 79 of the Act determines that it does not require further information, further assessment of options or further analysis of costs and benefits or advantages and disadvantages prior to making a decision on this matter.**
- d) **Confirms that in accordance with the Transport Act 1962 and Heavy Motor Vehicle Regulations 1974 the maximum weight and speed limits for heavy motor vehicles on bridges as listed on the attached schedule (Appendix A of the officers report) be imposed.**

- e) **Continue to rely on the Central on Bridge (COB) restriction to limit posting restrictions but it mitigates some of this risk by taking further action to promote compliance, particularly for those restrictions which have curved approaches and where posting restriction between central on bridge and no central on bridge are at least 20% and carry more than two heavy vehicles a day.**
- f) **Notifies the weight limits to the New Zealand Police, New Zealand Transport Agency, Road Transport Forum and by public notice in daily newspapers.**

## **8.2 Unbudgeted expenditure request for a contribution to the Fiordland Retirement Housing Trust**

**Record No: R/17/6/12941**

Chief Financial Officer – Anne Robson was in attendance for this item.

Miss Robson advised that this report advises that the Te Anau Community Board had received a request from the Fiordland Retirement Housing Trust for a grant of \$40,000.

The Meeting noted that the Te Anau Community Board met on the 14 June 2017 and resolved to recommend to Council to approve the request subject to a number of conditions noting that the monies will be advanced from the Te Anau Luxmore Subdivision Reserve, which is monies collected from property development that Council undertook on property within the Te Anau area.

### **Resolution**

Moved Cr Baird, seconded Cr Dillon **and resolved:**

**That the Council:**

- a) **Receives the report titled “Unbudgeted expenditure request for a contribution to the Fiordland Retirement Housing Trust” dated 15 June 2017.**
- b) **Determines that this matter or decision be recognised as not significant in terms of Section 76 of the Local Government Act 2002.**
- c) **Determines that it has complied with the decision-making provisions of the Local Government Act 2002 to the extent necessary in relation to this decision; and in accordance with Section 79 of the Act determines that it does not require further information, further assessment of options or further analysis of costs and benefits or advantages and disadvantages prior to making a decision on this matter.**
- d) **Approves unbudgeted expenditure in the form of a \$40,000 contribution to the Fiordland Retirement Housing Trust from the Luxmore Subdivision Reserve subject to the following conditions:**
  - a) **That in the event that the trust does not proceed with the project, that any plans and work undertaken by the Trust becomes the intellectual**

property of the Southland District Council.

- b) That the trust repay the \$40,000 when practically possible.
- c) That the \$40,000 returned, will not be subject to any conditions that the Trust may impose on any other funds returned to Council.
- e) Acknowledges that the \$40,000 contribution is not secured and that there is a level of risk that the monies may not be returned to the Community Board.

## Reports - Governance

### 9.1 Southland Cycling Strategy - Governance Group Council Representative

Record No: R/17/6/12918

Group Manager, Services and Assets – Ian Marshall was in attendance for this item.

Mr Marshall advised that the Southland Cycling Strategy was developed in late 2016 in order to form the basis of a coordinated approach to cycling in the region. The Strategy is a joint vision of the Invercargill City Council, Southland District Council, Gore District Council and Environment Southland and has had significant input from the public and from key stakeholders in the cycling community.

The Meeting noted that one Councillor is required to be a member of the Governance Group.

#### Resolution

Moved Mayor Tong, seconded Cr Ford **recommendation a with an addition to recommendation b (as indicated) and resolved:**

**That the Council:**

- a) **Receives the report titled “Southland Cycling Strategy - Governance Group Council Representative” dated 15 June 2017.**
- b) **Appoints Councillor Frazer to be the Southland District Council representative on the Southland Cycling Strategy Governance Group.**

### 9.2 Unbudgeted expenditure - Waikaia Community Development Area - Footpath Paving in front of Switzers Museum

Record No: R/17/6/12963

Community Partnership Leader – Kelly Tagg was in attendance for this item.

Mrs Tagg advised that the purpose of the report was to seek approval from Council for the payment of a grant of \$25,000 plus GST to Switzers Museum Inc to assist with the cost of completing the paving in front of the Switzers Museum in Waikaia.

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Dillon, seconded Cr Baird **and resolved:**

**That the Council:**

- a) **Receives the report titled “Unbudgeted expenditure - Waikaia Community Development Area - Footpath Paving in front of Switzers Museum” dated 15 June 2017.**
- b) **Approves the payment of an unbudgeted grant to Switzers Museum Inc in the amount of \$25,000 plus GST to be funded from the Waikaia General Reserve.**

**9.3 Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 15 March 2017**

**Record No: R/17/6/12848**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Ford **and resolved:**

**That Council receives the minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee meeting held 15 March 2017 as information.**

**9.4 Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 26 April 2017**

**Record No: R/17/6/12850**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Ford **and resolved:**

**That Council receives the minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee meeting held 26 April 2017 as information.**

**9.5 Minutes of the Athol Community Development Area Subcommittee Meeting dated 22 March 2017**

**Record No: R/17/6/12929**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Ford **and resolved:**

**That Council receives the minutes of the Athol Community Development Area Subcommittee meeting held 22 March 2017 as information.**

**9.6 Minutes of the Garston Community Development Area Subcommittee Meeting dated 22 March 2017**

**Record No: R/17/6/12928**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Ford and resolved:

**That Council receives the minutes of the Garston Community Development Area Subcommittee meeting held 22 March 2017 as information.**

**9.7 Minutes of the Mossburn Community Development Area Subcommittee Meeting dated 13 March 2017**

**Record No: R/17/6/12926**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Ford and resolved:

**That Council receives the minutes of the Mossburn Community Development Area Subcommittee meeting held 13 March 2017 as information.**

**9.8 Minutes of the Waikaia Community Development Area Subcommittee Meeting dated 20 March 2017**

**Record No: R/17/6/12925**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Frazer, seconded Cr Ford and resolved:

**That Council receives the minutes of the Waikaia Community Development Area Subcommittee meeting held 20 March 2017 as information.**

**Public Excluded**

**Exclusion of the Public: Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987**

**Resolution**

Moved Cr Paterson, seconded Cr Douglas and resolved:

**That the public be excluded from the following part(s) of the proceedings of this meeting.**

**C10.1 Stewart Island/Rakiura Golden Bay Wharf Ownership**

**C10.2 Public Excluded Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 15 March 2017**

**C10.3 Public Excluded Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 26 April 2017**

**The general subject of each matter to be considered while the public is excluded, the reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter, and the specific grounds under section 48(1) of the Local Government Official Information and Meetings Act 1987 for the passing of this resolution are as follows:**

General subject of each matter to be considered	Reason for passing this resolution in relation to each matter	Ground(s) under section 48(1) for the passing of this resolution
Stewart Island/Rakiura Golden Bay Wharf Ownership	<p>s7(2)(a) - The withholding of the information is necessary to protect the privacy of natural persons, including that of a deceased person.</p> <p>s7(2)(h) - The withholding of the information is necessary to enable the local authority to carry out, without prejudice or disadvantage, commercial activities.</p> <p>s7(2)(i) - The withholding of the information is necessary to enable the local authority to carry on, without prejudice or disadvantage, negotiations (including commercial and industrial negotiations).</p>	That the public conduct of the whole or the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding exists.
Public Excluded Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 15 March 2017	<p>s7(2)(b)(ii) - The withholding of the information is necessary to protect information where the making available of the information would be likely unreasonably to prejudice the commercial position of the person who supplied or who is the subject of the information.</p> <p>s7(2)(h) - The withholding of the information is necessary to enable the local authority to carry out, without prejudice or disadvantage, commercial activities.</p>	That the public conduct of the whole or the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding exists.

	s7(2)(i) - The withholding of the information is necessary to enable the local authority to carry on, without prejudice or disadvantage, negotiations (including commercial and industrial negotiations).	
Public Excluded Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 26 April 2017	<p>s7(2)(a) - The withholding of the information is necessary to protect the privacy of natural persons, including that of a deceased person.</p> <p>s7(2)(h) - The withholding of the information is necessary to enable the local authority to carry out, without prejudice or disadvantage, commercial activities.</p> <p>s7(2)(i) - The withholding of the information is necessary to enable the local authority to carry on, without prejudice or disadvantage, negotiations (including commercial and industrial negotiations).</p>	That the public conduct of the whole or the relevant part of the proceedings of the meeting would be likely to result in the disclosure of information for which good reason for withholding exists.

That the Group Manager, Environmental Services, Group Manager, Services and Assets, Group Manager, Community and Futures, Chief Financial Officer, Group Manager, Customer Support, Communications Manager, Governance and Democracy Manager and Committee Advisor be permitted to remain at this meeting, after the public has been excluded, because of their knowledge of the items C10.1 Stewart Island/Rakiura Golden Bay Wharf Ownership, C10.2 Public Excluded Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 15 March 2017 and C10.3 Public Excluded Minutes of the Finance and Audit Committee Meeting dated 26 April 2017. This knowledge, which will be of assistance in relation to the matters to be discussed, is relevant to those matters because of their knowledge on the issues discussed and meeting procedure.

That the Community Partnership Leader (Michelle Stevenson) and Management Accountant – Financial Services be permitted to remain at this meeting, after the public has been excluded, because of their knowledge of the items C10.1 Stewart Island/Rakiura Golden Bay Wharf Ownership. This knowledge, which will be of assistance in relation to the matters to be discussed, is relevant to those matters because of their knowledge on the issues discussed and meeting procedure.

The public were excluded at 1.59pm.

Resolutions in relation to the confidential items are recorded in the confidential section of these minutes and are not publicly available unless released here.

**C10.1 Stewart Island/Rakiura Golden Bay Wharf Ownership**

**Record No: R/17/6/12732**

The meeting agreed to release recommendations d to f in the open minutes.

**That the Council:**

- d) Supports the preparation of a report to Council for 6 September Council meeting that will include the capital development and asset management plan for Golden Bay wharf, and will also outline the engineering requirements, costs and any associated investment and health and safety implications for ownership of the wharf.**
- e) Endorses staff to continue to work with Southport NZ to investigate Council ownership of Golden Bay wharf.**
- f) Endorses staff to investigate the immediate, medium and long term costs and funding options associated with Golden Bay wharf as a Council asset as per the capital development plan and asset management plan preparation.**

The meeting concluded at 2.30pm.

CONFIRMED AS A TRUE AND CORRECT  
RECORD AT A MEETING OF THE COUNCIL  
HELD ON WEDNESDAY 21 JUNE 2017.

**DATE:**.....

**CHAIRPERSON:**.....



## SOUTHLAND DISTRICT COUNCIL SIGNIFICANCE AND ENGAGEMENT POLICY

This policy applies to: Council, Elected members, Council staff and the general public

### DOCUMENT CONTROL

<b>Policy owner:</b> Chief Executive	<b>TRIM reference number:</b> r/16/11/19694	<b>Effective date:</b> 21 June 2017
<b>Approved by:</b> Council	<b>Date approved:</b> 21 June 2017	<b>Next review date:</b> 2020

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## SIGNIFICANCE AND ENGAGEMENT POLICY

Southland District Council has developed the Significance and Engagement Policy (the Policy) to determine the significance of issues within the District, and how to align our engagement with the public based on the degree of significance of the issue. The Policy aligns with provisions the Local Government Act (2002) (the Act).

### 1 PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of this policy is:

- to enable the local authority and its communities to identify the degree of significance attached to particular issues, proposals, decisions or matters; and
- to provide clarity about how and when communities can expect to be engaged in decisions about different issues, proposals, decisions or matters; and
- to inform Council, from the beginning of a decision-making process about
  - the extent of any public engagement that is expected before a particular decision is made; and
  - the form or type of engagement required.

1.2 This policy will also guide staff on:

- the extent that options are identified and assessed; and
- the degree benefits and costs are quantified; and
- the extent and detail of information considered; and
- the extent and nature of any written record kept on legal compliance; and
- on the extent Council must consider the views and preferences of people likely to be affected by, or to have an interest in a matter;

as these decisions should be undertaken in proportion to significance of the matter.

### 2 THE GENERAL APPROACH

The Council will follow a three-step process to inform decision-making:

**Step 1 - Determine significance** - the Council will use particular factors to decide if a matter is of higher or lower significance. This part of the policy also gives guidance on what to do if a matter is of high significance.

**Step 2 - Identify community views** - the Council will determine what it knows about community views and identify if there is a need for more information.

**Step 3 - Deciding on an approach to community engagement** - the level of significance and what the Council wants to know about community views will guide Council on an appropriate level of engagement, and how and when to engage. This part of the Policy provides clarity on how and when communities can expect to be engaged in different issues. It also identifies how Council will respond to community preferences about engagement.

### 3 STEP 1 - DETERMINING THE LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE

3.1 Significance is about measuring the degree of importance of an issue, proposal, decision, or matter. Council has to determine how people, services, facilities and infrastructure in the District will be affected. Significance is a continuum ranging from matters that have a low impact/risk and therefore low significance, right up to matters that have very high levels of impact/risk and significance.

3.2 During the development stages of an issue, proposal, decision or matter, significance should be considered as it will guide both the extent options should be developed, and the degree to which advantages and disadvantages are assessed. Significance should also be considered when determining the appropriate extent and type of community engagement.

#### **Factors to Assess Significance**

3.3 Council will take into account the following factors when determining the level of significance. These factors are of equal weighting. The greater the cumulative impact of the matter as assessed by these factors, the more significant the issue, proposal, decision or matter will be. Significance means the degree of importance of the matter as assessed by its likely impact on, and likely consequences for:

- the current and future social, economic, environmental or cultural wellbeing of the district or region;
- people who are likely to be particularly affected by or interested in, the issue, proposal decision or matter;
- the capacity of Council to perform its role, and the financial and other costs of doing so;
- the ownership or function of a strategic asset.

3.4 Council may also take into account knowledge it has previously gained about the community and its views on an issue to assess whether the matter has a high level of significance.

3.5 When determining the significance of a matter that could have a high level of significance, it is recommended that Council staff discuss the importance of the matter to Māori through Council's partnership with Te Ao Mārama Incorporated, or to take the matter to Te Roopu Taiao forum, which is a meeting of local councils and iwi.

3.6 Committees of Council and elected bodies can also be used to help assess the significance of a matter.

#### **Strategic Assets**

3.7 In respect to "strategic assets", a key consideration is whether an asset is essential to the continued delivery of an "outcome" that Council considers important for the well-being of the community. Decisions to transfer ownership or control of a strategic asset to or from Council cannot be made unless they are first included in the Long Term Plan.

3.8 For the purpose of section 76AA(3) of the Act, Council considers the following assets, or a network of assets, to be strategic assets:

- Roading/bridge network as a whole.
- Individual water treatment plants and reticulation networks.
- Individual township sewerage treatment plants and reticulation networks.

- Individual township stormwater reticulation networks.
- Portfolio of District Reserves (Parks/Reserves).
- Stewart Island Electricity Supply Authority.
- Te Anau Airport at Manapouri.
- Community housing as a whole.

***What to do if a matter is significant***

- 3.9 If a matter is considered to be significant, reports will include a statement indicating why this conclusion was reached. The statement will include an explanation of which factors indicate the decision is significant, the potential implications of the decision, the range of community views that might exist, and whether there is a need for a further degree of community engagement before a final decision is made.
- 3.10 Where the proposal or decision is considered to be significant, the report will also include a statement addressing the appropriate observance of Sections 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82 and 82A of the Act as applicable, together with the corresponding degree of community engagement considered.

**4 STEP 2 - IDENTIFY COMMUNITY VIEWS**

- 4.1 Step 2 involves Council identifying what it already knows about the community views on a matter, and identifying if there is a need to get more information about community views. Community views are the views and preferences of people likely to be affected by, or to have an interest in, the matter. Determining how Council will identify community views may lead to community engagement. The process of how Council will decide if it needs to seek more information to understand the views in the community is outlined in Appendix 1. In general, Council will take steps to identify community views in the circumstances described below.

**When Council will identify community views**

***When it is required by legislation***

- 4.2 The Council will consider community views when it has a legislative requirement to do so (as set out by the Local Government Act 2002, Resource Management Act 1991, Reserves Act 1977, and Land Transport Management Act 2003). Examples of when Council will identify community views include the adoption and amendment/s to both the Long Term Plan and a bylaw, transfer of ownership of a significant strategic asset, and changes to financial policies. Council may identify community views more broadly than what is legally required.

***When it relates to a significant matter***

- 4.3 Subject to consideration of factors in paragraph 3.3 of this Policy, the Council will identify community views whenever a 'significant decision' needs to be made. A significant decision is one which has been identified as such under this Policy. *Note:* a 'significant' decision will not automatically trigger consultation or application of the Special Consultative Procedure (SCP). An outline of what Council must do when it is required to use or adopt the special consultative procedure is outlined in Appendix 4. Further information on the SCP is in sections 86, 87, and 93A of the LGA 2002.

**For some matters that are not considered significant**

- 4.4 In general, where a matter is not considered significant under this Policy, the Council is unlikely to seek additional information on community views. However, in some situations where Council staff deem community involvement or notification is appropriate, informal feedback or notification processes may be followed.

**When Council may not seek additional information on community views**

- 4.5 Information is always necessary for the decision making process. However, there are times when it is not necessary, appropriate or possible to seek additional information on community views. If this is the case, Council will make this determination in accordance with the criteria below and not withstanding any legislative requirements. The Council will not identify community views when:

- The matter is not of a nature or significance that requires consultation (LGA 2002, s82(4)(c))
- The Council already has a sound understanding of the views and preferences of the persons likely to be affected by or interested in the matter (s82(4)(b) LGA 2002);
- There is a need for confidentiality or commercial sensitivity (s82(4)(d) LGA 2002);
- The costs of consultation outweigh the benefits of it (s82(4)(e) LGA 2002);
- Engagement will not be beneficial as it will not influence the decision (for example if there is only one or very limited viable options available, there may be no benefit in engaging with the community);
- The matter has already been addressed by the Council's policies or plans, which have previously been consulted on;
- An immediate or quick response or decision is needed or it is not reasonably practicable to engage;
- Works are required unexpectedly or following further investigations on projects, already approved by the Council;
- Business as usual - the works required are related to the operation and maintenance of a Council asset and responsible management requires the works to take place;
- When Council has consulted on the unchanged issue in the last 24 months.

- 4.6 Where the above listed circumstances apply and community feedback is not sought, the Council is still required to give consideration to the views and preferences of persons likely to be affected by, or to have an interest in, the matter (LGA 2002 section 78 (1)). The LGA 2002 requires that this consideration be in proportion to the significance of the matters affected by the decision (section 79 (1)).

**5 STEP 3 - DECIDING ON AN APPROACH TO COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**

- 5.1 Once Council has determined the significance of a matter and has determined it needs more information on the range of views held, Council will consider how and when it should engage with the community. Depending on the matter being considered and the stakeholders involved, the preferred method(s) or combination of engagement tools will be identified and applied to meet the goals of the specific engagement.

- 5.2 Council will respond to community preferences about engagement, including the form of consultation that may be desirable, by informing and seeking guidance from Councillors. Council will also use engagement methods that have proven over time to be effective at informing the public and generating responses.
- 5.3 There is a variety of ways in which the Council engages with the community. In this policy, the types of engagement described relate specifically to Council, Community Board and delegated decision-making. The types of engagement described are given as a guide, and Council is not limited to or by the stated methods of engagement.
- 5.4 The significance of the issue, proposal or decision will influence the extent Council explores and evaluates options and obtains the views of affected and interested parties.
- 5.5 Council will apply the principles of s82 of the Act when determining engagement. Council will select the engagement method that it considers most appropriate in the circumstance.

#### **Factors to Consider**

##### ***Southland District Council's strong community focus***

- 5.6 The Southland community is at the heart of Council's purpose, vision and mission; therefore, engagement will reflect the need for community input into Council decision-making.
- 5.7 The Council is also keen to build on existing relationships and networks with individuals and communities, and look to extend the range of parties involved in the community engagement as appropriate. The Council will work to ensure the community is sufficiently informed to understand the issue(s) or proposal, options and impacts and has time to respond, so they are able to participate in engagement processes with confidence.

##### ***Legislative Considerations***

- 5.8 When Council makes decisions, often legislation will prescribe the consultation and decision-making procedures required. This includes the procedures to be used for public notification, considering submissions and making decisions. Section 82(5) of the LGA 2002 says that where specific consultation is required under the LGA, or any other enactment, and if inconsistent with any s82 principle – the other provisions will prevail (to the extent of the inconsistency). Those other Acts include, among others, the Reserves Act 1977, the Biosecurity Act 1993, Land Transport Act 1998 and the Resource Management Act 1991.
- 5.9 There are a number of decisions that can only be made if they are explicitly provided for in the Council's LTP as set out by the LGA 2002 Amendment Act 2014. These are:
  - to alter significantly the intended level of service provision for any significant activity undertaken by or on behalf of the Council, including a decision to commence or cease any such activity;
  - to transfer the ownership or control of a strategic asset to or from the Council.

- 5.10 In addition, Council is required at times to use a Special Consultative Procedure (SCP), as set out in section 83 of the LGA. The SCP is a prescribed process for consultation set out in the LGA. In brief, the SCP requires Council to issue and widely distribute a proposal, which is open for consultation for at least a month, and the community can provide its views. The SCP may also be used for any other decision Council wishes to consult on, and generally this will be when a matter is of high significance. The requirement or use of the SCP does not preclude the need to engage with affected communities. The use of the SCP is predominantly a reflection of the significance of an issue, which in turn identifies the need for appropriate community engagement. Schedule 2 outlines when an SCP is required, and what is required under Section 83.

***Remaining flexible***

- 5.11 It is important that Council does not use a homogenous approach, and that engagement tools are appropriate to the location, significance of the issue, and community affected. Differing levels and forms of engagement may be required during the varying phases of consideration and decision-making on an issue or proposal, and for different community groups or stakeholders. The Council will review the appropriateness and effectiveness of the engagement strategy and methods as the process proceeds. There may be occasions in which the Council chooses to carry out engagement at a level higher than that indicated by the significance of the decision as part of its commitment to promote participatory democracy.
- 5.12 Council will also be open to new and developing methods of engagement through the use of technology and innovation.

***The role of Elected Members***

- 5.13 This policy recognises the role of elected representatives, both Councillors and Community Board members, as valued and recognised conduits to the communities they represent. Council, when engaging with affected or interested communities, will recognise the relationship elected members have with the location, specific communities and individuals affected by consultation or engagement initiatives. Participation of elected representatives is an essential step to consider, in light of broader community good, when initiating any project requiring engagement.

***Engagement with Iwi/Māori***

- 5.14 A strategic focus for Council is maintaining and enhancing our partnership with Maori. Council has a strong partnership with Te Ao Mārama Incorporated, and encourages openly engaging with iwi/Maori through this channel or through the Te Roopu Taiao forum.

***The Level of Engagement***

- 5.15 Using the International Association of Public Participation engagement spectrum as a basis<sup>1</sup>, the method(s) of engagement adopted by the Council before it makes a decision may depend on whether or not:
- The matter is of low or no significance (eg, technical and/or minor amendments to a bylaw or Council policy) and there may be a very small group of people affected by or with an interest in the decision. Council is unlikely to engage on these matters;

<sup>1</sup> International Association of Public Participation [IAP2]. (2007). IAP2 Spectrum of Public Participation. Retrieved from [http://c.yimcdn.com/sites/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/imported/IAP2%20Spectrum\\_verti cal.pdf](http://c.yimcdn.com/sites/www.iap2.org/resource/resmgr/imported/IAP2%20Spectrum_verti cal.pdf) on 2 January 2017.

- The matter is significant only to a relatively small group of people or is of low impact to many. They should be **informed** about the problem, alternatives, opportunities and/or solutions and/or **consulted** so that any concerns, alternatives and aspirations they have are understood and considered;
  - The matter is significant not only to a small group of people particularly affected but also to a wider community that may have an interest in the decision to be made. They may be **informed**, **consulted** and/or **involved** to seek public input and feedback on analysis, alternatives and/or decisions.
  - For more significant matters the Council may elect to **collaborate**, or partner, with a community in any aspect of a decision including the development of alternatives and the identification of preferred solutions. This is more likely to occur where there is a distinct group of affected or particularly interested people.
- 5.16 Depending on the level of significance and the nature of the issue, proposal or decision being made, by using a range of engagement methods communities may be **empowered** to participate in the decision-making process.

**How and when we will Engage**

- 5.17 Once the appropriate level of engagement has been assessed (in accordance with paragraphs 5.15 and 5.16 above), Council will then consider the range of engagement methods that are appropriate. This process support community participation through an Engagement Spectrum Approach.
- 5.18 Council will select the method it considers appropriate in the circumstance, taking into account a range of factors, such as who is affected or who is likely to have a view. Council will remain flexible in its approach to engagement, to ensure that the most appropriate methods are used.
- 5.19 Table 1 below outlines Southland District Council's engagement spectrum. The table gives guidance on how and when communities can expect to be engaged in particular matters, relative to their significance. The table also gives examples of what significance has been placed on particular matters in the past, and what types of community engagement has been used for those matters. The table is also a valuable tool for Council staff to inform on the extent of public engagement that might be expected on a matter before a decision is made, and the form or type of engagement that may be required and appropriate.

Low level of significance			High level of significance		
Level	Inform	Consult	Involve	Collaborate	Empower
What it involves	To provide the public with balanced and objective information to assist them in understanding the problem, alternatives, opportunities and/or solutions.	To obtain public feedback on analysis, alternatives and/or decisions.	To work directly with the public throughout the process to ensure that public concerns and aspirations are consistently understood and considered.	To partner with the public in each aspect of the decision including the development of alternatives and the identification of the preferred solution.	To place final decision making is in the hands of the public.

Level	Low level of significance			High level of significance	
	Inform	Consult	Involve	Collaborate	Empower
Types of matters we might use this type of engagement for	Minor change to how Council manages groups of activities Upgrade of a reserve area	Long Term Plan and Annual Plan where there are significant changes from the content of the LTP for that financial year. Policies such as the Easter Sunday Shop Trading Policy and the Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Policy.	Development of options for a policy change that is deemed significant e.g. moving from land to capital value for rating purposes.	Development options for a new large capital project which has a community focus and has a large number of options e.g. Te Anau Waste Water Project	Community halls
Examples of engagement tools Council might use	Council newsletter, Weekly/daily newspapers, Community newsletters, Electronic messages (eg, email, online newsletters, social media posts), Flyers, Website, Radio.	Submissions, Hearings, Feedback processes, Surveys, Open Days.	Local meetings, Social media, Targeting existing organisations within the community eg, service clubs.	Talking with communities, Key partnerships with existing community organisations, Hall committees.	Community Boards, Community Development Area Subcommittees.
When the community can expect to be involved	Council will generally advise the community when a decision is made.	Council will advise the community when a draft decision is made and generally provides the community with up to four (4) weeks to participate and respond.	Council will generally provide the community with a greater lead-in time to allow them time to be involved in the process.	Council will generally involve the community at the start to scope the issue, again after information has been collected and again when options are being considered.	Council will generally involve the community at the start to scope the issue

Table 1: Southland District Council's Engagement Spectrum Approach

## 6 ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Party/Parties	Roles and Responsibilities
Communications Manager, Management Team	Ensure that engagement with the community meets the degree of significance determined by Council
Council	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determine degree of significance of an issue</li> <li>• Determine whether or not to engage</li> <li>• Link level of significance to appropriate levels of engagement</li> <li>• Use determined level of significance to decide how much time, money and effort the Council will invest in exploring and evaluating options and obtaining the views of affected and interested parties.</li> </ul>

## 7 ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

Local Government Act (2002).  
Southland District Council Engagement Strategy

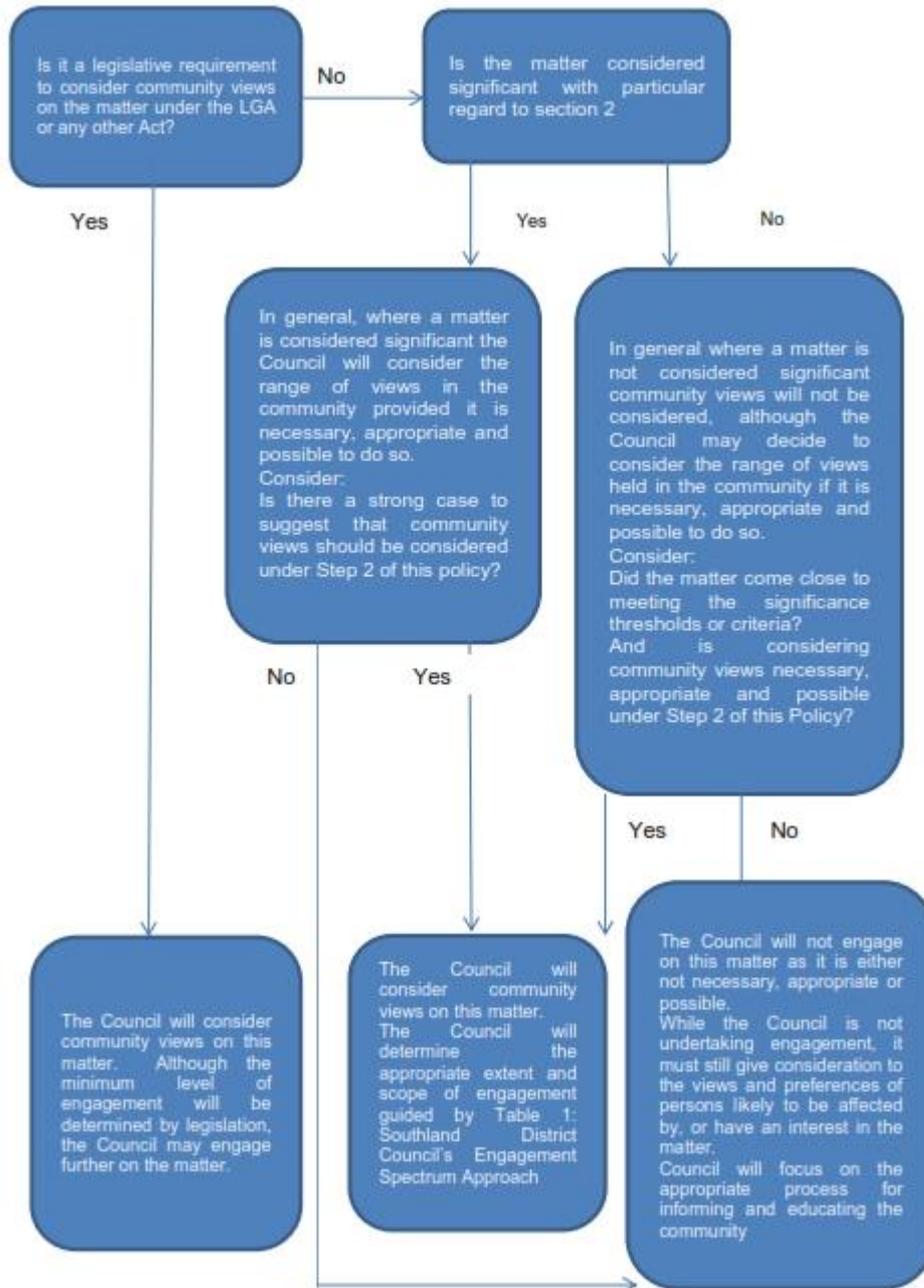
## 8 REVISION RECORD

The Policy will be reviewed at each triennial, aligned with Council elections.

Date	Version	Revision Description
28 January 1999	N/A	Consultation Policy
27 November 2003	R/03/7/6677	Consultation Policy
26 June 2003	R/09/9/13601	Significance Policy
28 June 2006	R/12/1/808	Significance Policy
29 October 2014	R/14/8/11821	Significance and Engagement Strategy
2017	R/16/11/19694	Significance and Engagement Strategy

9 APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: SIGNIFICANCE AND ENGAGEMENT FLOWCHART



## APPENDIX 2: SPECIAL CONSULTATIVE PROCEDURE

The Local Government Act 2002 requires Council to use the Special Consultative Procedure for:

- adoption of or amendment to the LTP (including significant amendments to the Revenue and Financing Policy)
- revocation, adoption or amendment to a bylaw
- transfer of ownership of a significant strategic asset

It is important to note that formal consultation by a special consultative procedure is a structured process outlined in legislation and supported by case-law. This type of consultation still applies in some decision making processes. In other engagement processes, however, there are no explicit statutory or legal rules constraining or defining community engagement processes. The Local Government Act 2002 has given local authorities the ability to determine this as appropriate for their communities.

At the time of writing this policy there are a number of other acts that require use of the Special Consultative Procedure, including but not limited to:

- Sale and Supply of Liquor Act 2012,
- Local Government Act 1974,
- Building Act 2004,
- Local Government (Rating) Act 2002,
- Psychoactive Substances Act 2013,
- Dog Control Act 1996,
- Waste Minimisation Act 2008,
- Freedom Camping Act 2011,
- Land Transport Management Act 2003
- Biosecurity Act 1993
- Civil Defence Emergency Management Act 2001
- Maritime Transport Act 1994.

Section 83 of the LGA states the requirements of the SCP. This section is included below.

### 83 Special Consultative Procedure

- 1 Where this Act or any other enactment requires a local authority to use or adopt the special consultative procedure, that local authority must -
  - (a) prepare and adopt -
    - (i) a statement of proposal; and
    - (ii) if the local authority considers on reasonable grounds that it is necessary to enable public understanding of the proposal, a summary of the information contained in the statement of proposal (which summary must comply with section 83AA of the Act; and
  - (b) ensure that the following is publicly available:
    - (i) the statement of proposal; and

- (ii) a description of how the local authority will provide persons interested in the proposal with an opportunity to present their views to the local authority in accordance with section 82(1)(d) of the Act; and
    - (iii) a statement of the period within which views on the proposal may be provided to the local authority (the period being not less than 1 month from the date the statement is issued); and
  - (c) make the summary of the information contained in the statement of proposal prepared in accordance with paragraph (a)(ii) of the Act (or the statement of proposal, if a summary is not prepared) as widely available as reasonably practicable as a basis for consultation; and
  - (d) provide an opportunity for persons to present their views to the local authority in a manner that enables spoken English, Māori, and/or New Zealand sign language interaction between the person and the local authority, or any representatives to whom an appropriate delegation has been made in accordance with Schedule 7 of the Act; and
  - (e) ensure that any person who wishes to present his or her views to the local authority or its representatives as described in paragraph (d)
    - (i) is given a reasonable opportunity to do so; and
    - (ii) is informed about how and when he or she may take up that opportunity.
2. For the purpose of, but without limiting, subsection (1)(d), a local authority may allow any person to present his or her views to the local authority by way of audio link or audio visual link.